Science Curriculum

Working Scientifically

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Caring 1	Spring 2	Summor 1	Summor 2
1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
1 Review	Key Knowledge and Skills:	Key Knowledge and Skills:	Key Knowledge and Skills:		Key Knowledge and Skills:	Key Knowledge and Skills:
the	Everyday Materials	Human Senses	Seasonal Changes (Bright Lights, Big City)		Plants – Plant Parts	Animal Parts (School
length	(Childhood)	(Childhood)	-observe changes across the four seasons		(School Days)	Days)
of the	<u>,</u>	<u>,</u>	-observe changes across the four seasons -observe and describe weather associated		<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	-identify and name a
day	-distinguish between an	- describe and compare	with the seasons and how day length		-identify and name a	variety of common
across	object and the material	the structure of a variety	varies.		variety of common	animals including fish,
the	from which it is made	of common animals			wild and garden	amphibians, reptiles,
year –	-identify and name a	(fish, amphibians,	Essential Learning:		plants, including	birds and mammals
half	variety of everyday	reptiles, birds and	Introductory Knowledge		deciduous and evergreen trees	-identify and name a
termly	materials, including wood, plastic, glass,	mammals including pets) -identify, name,	Engage 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,		- identify and describe	variety of common animals that are
	metal, water, and rock	draw and label the basic	Develop 1,		the basic structure of	carnivores,
	-describe the simple	parts of the human body	Resources		a variety of common	herbivores and
	physical properties of a	and say which part of	-Large envelop		flowering plants,	omnivores
	variety of everyday	the body is associated	-Twigs from deciduous and evergreen trees		including trees.	-describe and
	materials	with each sense				compare the
	-compare and group					structure of a variety
	together a variety of	Essential Learning	WS		Essential Learning:	of common animals
	everyday materials on the basis of their simple	Engage- 1	Identify, classify, que	estioning, observe, s, suggest answers to	Introductory Knowledge	(fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and
	physical properties	Develop- 1, 2, 4	questions	s, suggest answers to	Engage 1, 2, 3,	mammals including
	physical properties	DCVC10p · 1, 2, 4	questions		Develop 1	pets)
	Essential Learning:	Resources				F-000)
	Engage 1-2	-Large pieces of paper			Resources:	Essential Learning
	Develop- 1, 3	(anchor charts)			-Hand Magnifiers	Introductory
	Innovate- 1	- Clean yoghurt pots			- Plant tags or lollipop	Knowledge
		Items to smell: coffee			sticks	Engage- 1, 2
	Resources	granules, mint leaves,			-Clipboards	Develop 2
	-Raw natural materials	orange slices, cotton			-Range of seeds,	Innovate- 1, 2
	-Simple products made from natural materials	wool, perfume and vinegar			including coconuts, beans, corn, rice,	Resources
	-Sticky notes	Clean pair of tights			peas, marigolds, chai	-Earthworms
	-Photographs of objects	Elastic bands			and sunflowers	-Tray of damp soil
	-Spray bottles	Sticky labels			-Range of bulbs,	-Shallow trays
	-Hoops	Pen			including seed onions,	-Hand lenses or
	- Tissue paper, soft and	Spoons			garlic, daffodils, tulips	digital microscopes
	coloured plastic or	Plastic cups			and crocuses	
	cellophane, foil, rigid	Foods to taste: lemon,			we	WS
	plastic, oilcloth, cotton fabric, nylon, newspaper	melon, orange, pear and raspberry			WS Identify, classify,	Identify, classify, questioning, observe,
	Tabric, Hylon, newspaper	Shoe boxes			questioning, observe,	perform simple tests,
	ws	Materials to touch:			perform simple tests,	suggest answers to
	Identify, classify,	metal cutlery, plastic			suggest answers to	questions
	questioning, observe,	wrap, fabric scraps,			questions	
	perform simple tests,	rubber gloves and sand				
	suggest answers to	- Blindfolds or hats				
	questions	Rings or blocks of				
		different sizes				
		Sandpapers of different grades				
		Bottle filled with frozen				
		water				
		Bottle filled with water				
		at room temperature				
		Bottle filled with hand-				
		hot (warm) water				
		Several bottles filled				
		with different volumes of water				
		Tray				
		Several of the same				
		object				
		Paper straws of different				
		lengths				
		Several objects of				
		different colours				
		Selection of toddler's				
		insert jigsaws				
		ws				
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		Identify, classify, questioning, obse perform simple te suggest answers t questions	ests,		
2	Key Knowledg Skills: Human Surviva (Movers and S	Survival (Movers Shakers)		Key Knowledge and Skills: Plant Survival (Coastline)	Key Knowledge and Skills: Animal Survival (Magnificent Monarchs) - notice that animals, including humans, have
	- notice that ar including huma offspring which into adults -find out about describe the be of animals, incl humans, for su (water, food ar -describe the importance for of exercise, eat right amounts different types and hygiene Essential Learr Engage 1, 2 Develop- 1-3 Resources - Timers - Masking tape -Pencils -30cm rulers WS Identify, classif questioning, of perform simple suggest answere questions	which they are su and describe how different habitats provide for the baneeds of different of animals and plants and how they depend of food, of fo	suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses -find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed b squashing, bending, twisting and stretching and stretching ended by the state of food squashing, bending, twisting and stretching ended by the squashing, bending, the squashing, bending, the squashing, bending, twisting and stretching ended by the squashing, bending, the squashing, bending, the squashing, the squashing, the squashing, bending, the squashing, the squashing, the squashing, the sq	mature plants -find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage- 1, 2 Develop- 2 Innovate- 3 Resources WS Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions	- find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) Essential Learning Engage 3 Develop 1-4 Innovate 1-5 Resources - Range of information sources, such as books and the internet - 30 live mealworms -Plastic tubs with lids -Hand lenses or digital microscopes -Bran flakes -Potato pieces -Cardboard -Range of materials, such as wooden pallets, terracotta pots, bricks with holes, small logs, a large container such as a washing bowl, woody prunings, strips of wood, sticks, small pieces of bamboo cane, moss, dry leaves, straw, pine cones, soil, sand, pebbles, stones, coconut shells and yoghurt pots -Range of equipment, including saws, hammers, spades and glue guns -Range of joining materials, including glue gun sticks, string, hooks and nails -Range of animal foods, including nuts, seeds, mealworms and fats for birds and wet or dry cat food for hedgehogs -Range of safety equipment, including gardening gloves, goggles and kneelers WS Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions
		perform simple te suggest answers t questions			

3 Key Knowledge and Skills

Animal Nutrition and the Skeletal System (Through the Ages)

 nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat
 identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement

Essential Learning

Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1-4 Develop 1-4

Resources

- -sticky labels
- -30cm lengths of cardboard tubes, such as postal tubes
- -Non-bendy plastic straws
- -Pieces of string slightly longer than the straws
- -Scissors
- -Water bottles
- -Range of invertebrates collected from outside or live amimal feeds bought from a pet shop, such as earthworms, snails, centipedes, woodlice, grasshoppers and crickets
- -Hand lenses and digital microscopes

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Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions

Key Knowledge and Skills Forces and Magnets (Rocks, Relics and Rumbles)

- -compare how things move on different surfaces
- -notice that some forces need contact between 2 objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance
- -observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others
- -compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials -describe magnets as having 2 poles predict whether 2 magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing

Essential Learning

Introductory Knowledge Engage 1, 2, 4 Develop- 1, 2, 4 Innovate- 1-4

Resources

- Sets of five different magnets (such as bar, horse shoe and neodymium magnets) labelled 1–5 using small pieces of masking tape (one set per group)
- Push/pull force meters
- Index cards
- Paperclips
- Squared paper
- Rulers and pencils

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Observing, measuring and recording Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions

Key Knowledge and Skills Plant Nutrition and Reproduction (Emperors and Empires)

-identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers -explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant -investigate the way in which water is transported within plants -explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal

Essential Learning Introductory

Knowledge Engage – 1, 2 Develop – 1-4

Resources

- -Flowering tomato plants -Fresh tomatoes -Examples of taproots, such as carrots or parsnips -Examples of fibrous
- roots, such as grasses and garden turf -Microscopes or hand
- lenses
- -Graduated beakers -Red or blue food dye
- -Teaspoons
- -Celery sticks with -
- -Rulers
- -Knives and chopping boards
- -Tomato, radish or rocket seeds for planting (optional) -Cut flowers, such as lilies, wild garlic, campanula, foxgloves and geraniums Jars of water
- -Range of non-fiction books about flowering plants and pollination
- -Raisins

Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests,

Key Knowledge and Skills Light and Shadows (Emperors and Empires)

-recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light -notice that light is reflected from surfaces -recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes -recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object -find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change

Essential Learning

Introductory Knowledge Engage – 2, 3, 4, 5 Develop 1-3 Innovate - 4

sources, such as

Resources -Range of light

torches, batteryoperated fairy lights, tealights and glow sticks -Range of light reflectors, such as a mirror, high-vis vest and bike reflectors -Sealed cardboard box with a hole in the side -Mini whiteboards and drywipe pens -Range of test materials, such as foil, mirrored card, cellophane, paper of different colours including white and black, fluorescent fabric or paper, cardboard, felt, satin and reflective tape

film
-Trays of cold water
A5 ziplock bags
-Sun creams
(expensive and cheap
brands with the same

-Hollow cardboard

tubes, such as from

kitchen rolls or cling

-Pen torches

- SPF)
 -Permanent marker
 pens, pencils and
 rulers
- -Timers -Tissues

					suggest answers to questions	-Transparent, translucent and opaque materials and objects
						-
						WS Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions
4	Key Knowledge and Skills	Key Knowledge and Skills	Key Knowledge and Skills	Key Knowledge and Understanding	Key Knowledge and Skil Electrical Circuits and Co	
	Food and the Digestive	Sound (Invasion)	States of Matter	Grouping and	Civilisations)	onductors (Ancient
	System (Invasion)	-identify how sounds are	(Misty Mountains, Winding River)	Classifying (Misty Mountains,	-identify common applia	ances that run on
	-describe the simple functions of the basic	made, associating some	compare and	Winding River)	electricity	
	parts of the digestive	of them with something vibrating	-compare and group materials	-recognise that	 -construct a simple serie identifying and naming i 	•
	system in humans identify the different	-recognise that vibrations from sounds	together, according to	living things can be grouped in a variety	cells, wires, bulbs, switch -identify whether or not	
	types of teeth in	travel through a medium	whether they are	of ways	simple series circuit, bas	sed on whether or not
	humans and their simple functions	to the ear -find patterns between	solids, liquids or gases	 explore and use classification keys to 	the lamp is part of a con battery	nplete loop with a
	-construct and interpret a variety of food chains,	the pitch of a sound and features of the object	-observe that	help group, identify	-recognise that a switch	
	identifying producers,	that produced it	some materials change state when	and name a variety of living things in	circuit and associate this lamp lights in a simple so	eries circuit
	, , ,	•			-recognise some commo	on conductors and
	predators and prey	-find patterns between the volume of a sound	they are heated or cooled, and	their local and wider environment		
	, , ,	the volume of a sound and the strength of the	cooled, and measure or	environment -recognise that	insulators, and associate good conductors	
	predators and prey	the volume of a sound	cooled, and	environment	insulators, and associate	
	predators and prey Essential Learning	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge	e metals with being
	predators and prey Essential Learning Develop – 1, 2 Engage – 1, 2 Resources	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C)	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop 1 – 1, 4	e metals with being
	predators and prey Essential Learning Develop – 1, 2 Engage – 1, 2	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds get fainter as the	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3	e metals with being
	predators and prey Essential Learning Develop – 1, 2 Engage – 1, 2 Resources -Teeth models (optional) -Mirrors	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) -identify the part played by evaporation and	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things Essential Learning	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop 1 – 1, 4 Innovate 3 Resources	e metals with being
	predators and prey Essential Learning Develop – 1, 2 Engage – 1, 2 Resources -Teeth models (optional) -Mirrors -Access to soap and water for handwashing	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) -identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things Essential Learning Engage - 1, 2 Develop - 1, 2, 3, 4,	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop 1 – 1, 4 Innovate 3 Resources -Range of circuit componibattery holders, lamps, l	e metals with being e nents, including cells, buzzers, motors with
	predators and prey Essential Learning Develop – 1, 2 Engage – 1, 2 Resources -Teeth models (optional) -Mirrors -Access to soap and	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) -identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things Essential Learning Engage – 1, 2	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop 1 – 1, 4 Innovate 3 Resources -Range of circuit compositetry holders, lamps, l propellers, switches and	e metals with being enents, including cells, buzzers, motors with
	predators and prey Essential Learning Develop – 1, 2 Engage – 1, 2 Resources -Teeth models (optional) -Mirrors -Access to soap and water for handwashing or hand sanitiser WS	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop – 2, 3, 4	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) -identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things Essential Learning Engage – 1, 2 Develop – 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Innovate - 1	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop 1 – 1, 4 Innovate 3 Resources -Range of circuit compostattery holders, lamps, l propellers, switches and -Short pieces of single co-Safety wire strippers	e metals with being enents, including cells, buzzers, motors with
	predators and prey Essential Learning Develop – 1, 2 Engage – 1, 2 Resources -Teeth models (optional) -Mirrors -Access to soap and water for handwashing or hand sanitiser	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) -identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things Essential Learning Engage – 1, 2 Develop – 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop 1 – 1, 4 Innovate 3 Resources -Range of circuit compositetry holders, lamps, lam	e metals with being enents, including cells, buzzers, motors with
	predators and prey Essential Learning Develop – 1, 2 Engage – 1, 2 Resources -Teeth models (optional) -Mirrors -Access to soap and water for handwashing or hand sanitiser WS Identify, classify,	the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it -recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop – 2, 3, 4 Resources	cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C) -identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with	environment -recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things Essential Learning Engage – 1, 2 Develop – 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Innovate - 1 Resources	insulators, and associate good conductors Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3 Develop 1 – 1, 4 Innovate 3 Resources -Range of circuit compostattery holders, lamps, I propellers, switches and -Short pieces of single co-Safety wire strippers -Plugs	e metals with being nents, including cells, buzzers, motors with

	suggest answers to questions	woodwind, brass, strings and percussion, that can be struck, scraped or shaken -Disinfectant cleaning spray or wipes -Drums -Dry rice -Drum sticks or beaters -Slinky spring WS Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions	Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1 Develop – 1, 2, 4 Resources -Range of solids, such as plastic, glass and ceramic Range of liquids in jars and containers, such as honey, vinegar and milk -Filled balloons and syringes to represent gases, such as helium and argon -Unusual materials, such as shaving foam, hand sanitiser gel and sugar -Chocolate buttons -Crushed ice WS Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions	-Labelled potted flowering plants, conifers and ferns -Hand lenses WS Reporting and concluding Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions	-BBC micro:bit v2 starter kits -Range of circuit components -Junk modelling materials, such as cardboard, plastic containers, glass jars, art straws and willow sticks -Joining materials -Range of papers, including printing paper, greaseproof paper, crepe paper and tissue paper -Coloured acetate or transparent sweet wrappers -Marker pens -Craft punches -Stencils -Geometric shapes -Thin fabric or lace WS Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions
5	Key Knowledge and Skills Forces and Mechanisms	Key Knowledge and Skills Earth and Space	Key Knowledge and Skills Human Reproduction and Ageing (Sow, grow and farm) - describe the changes as humans develop to old age - describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird -describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals Essential Learning Introductory knowledge Engage – 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Develop – 1, 3, 5 Resources -Hoops WS Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions		Key Knowledge and Skills Properties and Changes of Materials (Ground breaking Greeks)
	-explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object -identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces -recognise that some mechanisms including levers, pulleys and gears allow a smaller force to have a greater effect Essential Learning Introductory Knowledge Engage – 1 Develop 1 – 1-3 Develop 2 – 1-3 Innovate – 1, 3, 4 Resources	-describe the movement of the Earth and other planets relative to the sun in the solar system -describe the movement of the moon relative to the Earth -describe the sun, Earth and moon as approximately spherical bodies use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky Essential Learning Introductory knowledge Engage – 2, 3 Develop 1 – 1, 2, 3, 4 Develop 2 – 1, 2 Innovate – 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Resources			-compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets -know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution -use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating -give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic -demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes -explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda Essential Learning Engage — 1, 2, 4 Develop 1 — 2, 3
	-Rulers -String -Paperclips -Beanbags	-Large, inflatable ball -Peppercorn -Grape -Cherry tomato			Resources -Bright torches -Cardboard tubes
	-Identical plastic bottles -Water -Toy cars -Large foam wedges,	-Blueberry -Honeydew melon -Grapefruit -Apple			-Hand lenses -Pipettes -Containers of water -Spray bottles
	(such as wedge pillows,	-Apple -Satsuma			-Spray bottles -Bar magnets

yoga wedges or firm upholstery foam cut to size) or other equipment to make stable ramps -Measuring tape -Range of thin, flexible sheet materials including plastic, fabric and different paper types, such as printer paper, tissue paper and card

- -Plasticine
- -2 litre plastic bottles or other tall, wide, transparent vessels

Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions

- -Scissors
- -Sticky tack
- -Sharp pencils
- -Split pins
- -Small toy boats or figures
- -Footballs, exercise balls
- or other large spheres
- -Globe
- -Lamp without a shade
- -Small world figure
- -Plant pots
- -Small stones
- -Soil
- -Trowels
- -Sticky labels
- -Pens
- -Long, straight sticks
- -Compasses
- -Chalk
- -Clocks or watches -Hard surface outdoors, such as the playground
- -Paper plates
- -Felt tip pens
- -White foam ball

<u>ws</u>

Research Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions

- -Circuit-building equipment, including wires, cells or batteries, battery holders and lamps
- -Stopwatches or timers
- -Steel paper clips
- -Rulers
- -Range of everyday materials for testing, cut to a similar size, such as cardboard, cotton, Balsa wood, glass microscope slides, paper, towelling,
- -Lycra, aluminium foil, plastic wrap, rubber or silicone matting, oil cloth, assorted metal strips and Faraday film
- -Thermometers
- -Data loggers with temperature sensors
- -Beakers, small pots or test tubes (plus test tube holders if needed)
- -Timers
- -Range of materials to test, such as cotton, bubble wrap, felt, fleece, paper, card, foil, foam sheet, cling film and Lycra
- -Masking tape, sticky tape or elastic bands
- -Graph Paper
- -Dirty water samples in jars or beakers
- -Filter paper
- -Funnels
- -Clean jars or beakers
- -Muslin sheeting, netting, clean socks and clean tights
- -Gravel or grit
- -Charcoal
- -Sand
- -Cotton wool
- -Cameras or tablets
- -Beakers
- -Salt
- -Instant coffee granules
- -Shallow dishes or saucers
- -Digital scales
- -Measuring cylinderscompo
- -Spoons
- -Warm water

Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions

Key Knowledge and Skills: Circulatory System 6 (Maafa)

- -identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood -recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function
- -describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.

Essential Learning

Introductory Knowledge

Engage- 1-4

Develop 1- 3

Develop 2- 1, 2

Resources

- -Sheep hearts (optional)
- -Sharp scissors (optional)
- -Travs
- -Measuring cylinders
- -Svrup
- -Beakers
- -Spoons or stirrers
- -Red food colouring
- -Test tubes
- -Rulers -Pinettes
- -Milk
- -Vegetable oil

Key Knowledge and Skills: Electrical Circuits and Components (Frozen Kingdom)

-associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit -compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches -use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.

Essential Learning

Introductory Knowledge Engage 3 Develop- 1-3

Resources

- -Range of circuit components, including cells, batteries, lamps, motors, buzzers, LEDs, open and closed switches and wires -Range of cells, including AA, AAA, D and
- -Battery holders for two AAA cells Voltmeter or multimeter
- -Battery-operated toys or equipment
- -Range of circuit components, including lamps, wires and switches
- -New AAA cells and battery holders

Key Knowledge and Skills: Evolution and Inheritance (Britain at War)

Evolution and Inheritance

- -recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago
- -recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents
- identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution.

Living Things and their Habitats

-describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including microorganisms, plants and animals -give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics.

Essential Learning

Introductory Knowledge Engage- 1, 2, Develop- 2, 3, 4

Resources

-Fossils (optional)

- -Test tube holders
- -Heart rate monitors or smartwatches
- -Stopwatches or timers
- -A wide range of food packaging displaying traffic light nutrition labels, including foods high in sugar, salt and fat
- -Measured samples of lard, sugar and salt

WS

Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions

-Data loggers with light sensor or light meter app on a tablet

WS

Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions

- -Food of different shapes, sizes, textures and consistencies, such as poppy seeds, linseeds, oats, pumpkin seeds, unshelled walnuts, almonds, peanuts, dried spaghetti pieces, sultanas or dates
- -Range of tools, such as tweezers, chopsticks, spoons, skewers, tongs and pipettes
- -Shallow pots
- -Tablespoons
- -Paper plates
- -Timers
- -Access to two holly trees or bushes, one trimmed and one untrimmed
- -Sandwich bags, envelopes or plastic wallets
- -Marker pens and scissors
- -Graph paper
- -Calculators (optional)

W/S

Identify, classify, questioning, observe, perform simple tests, suggest answers to questions